Fill out the forms for the materials stored, used or handled at your site by indicating <u>ves</u> or <u>no</u> in each area provided. These forms in their entirety shall be submitted with each permit application when appropriate. Having permit amounts requires a permit for the operation. The exempt amounts are for use in the routing of those permits.

PHYSICAL HAZARDS

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MATERIAL	CLASS	DESCRIPTION	PERMIT AMOUNTS	EXEMPT AMOUNTS STORAGE	EXEMPT AMOUNTS USE CLOSED – vapors are not liberated	EXEMPT AMOUNTS USE OPEN – vapors are liberated	HAVE AMOUNTS THAT REQUIRE A PERMIT?	HAVE ABOVE EXEMPT AMOUNTS?
COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS	II	Class II liquids include those having flash points at or above 100°F and below 140°F.	> 25 gallons inside or > 60 gallons outside	120 gallons	120 gallons	30 gallons	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS	IIIA	Class IIIA liquids include those having flash points at or above 140°F and below 200°F.	> 25 gallons inside or > 60 gallons outside	330 gallons	330 gallons	80 gallons	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS	IIIB	Class IIIB liquids include those liquids having flash points at or above 200°F.	Only - Tanks or Vessels > 60 gallons	13,200 gallons	13,200 gallons	3,300 gallons	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	IA	Class IA liquids include those having flash points below 73°F and having a boiling point below 100°F.	> 5 gallons inside or > 10 gallons outside	30 gallons	30 gallons	10 gallons	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	IB	Class IB liquids include those having flash points less than 73°F and boiling points at or above 100°F.	> 5 gallons inside or > 10 gallons outside	60 gallons	60 gallons	15 gallons	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	IC	Class IC liquids include those having flash points at or above 73°F and below 100°F.	> 5 gallons inside or > 10 gallons outside	90 gallons	90 gallons	20 gallons	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
COMBINATION FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	(IA,IB,IC)	Mixture of storage or use of more than one of these materials.	> 5 gallons inside or > 10 gallons outside	120 gallons	120 gallons	30 gallons	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
CRYOGENIC, FLAMMABLE (Flammable in its vapor state)	Definition: A liquid having a boiling point lower than -150°F at 14.7 (psia).	Examples: carbon monoxide, deuterium (heavy hydrogen), ethylene, hydrogen and methane.	> 1 gallon inside or > 60 gallons outside	45 gallons	45 gallons	10 gallons	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
CRYOGENIC Inert			> 60 gallons inside or 500 gallons outside	Not Limited	Not Limited	Not Limited	NO □ YES □	Not Limited

PHYSICAL HAZARDS

MATERIAL	CLASS	DESCRIPTION	PERMIT AMOUNTS	EXEMPT AMOUNTS STORAGE	EXEMPT AMOUNTS USE CLOSED – vapors are not liberated	EXEMPT AMOUNTS USE OPEN – vapors are liberated	HAVE AMOUNTS THAT REQUIRE A PERMIT?	HAVE ABOVE EXEMPT AMOUNTS?
CRYOGENIC, OXIDIZING (Can support or accelerate combustion of other materials)	Definition: A liquid having a boiling point lower than - 150°F at 14.7 (psia).	Examples: fluorine, nitric oxide and oxygen.	> 10 gallons inside or > 50 gallons outside	45 gallons	45 gallons	10 gallons	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
CRYOGENIC Physical or Health Hazard			Any Amount - inside or outside	Not Limited	Not Limited	Not Limited	NO □ YES □	Not Limited
EXPLOSIVES	Examples: dynamite, black powder, pellet powder, initiating explosives, detonators,	safety fuses, squibs, detonating cord, igniter cord, igniters and display fireworks, 1.3G (Class B, Special)	Any amount.	1 pound (liquid or solid)	0.25 pounds (liquid or solid)	0.25 pounds (liquid or solid)	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
FLAMMABLE GAS	Gaseous Def: A material which is a gas at 68°F or less at 14.7 psia of pressure which: 1. Is ignitable at 14.7 psia when in a	mixture of 13 % or less by volume with air; or 2. Has a flammable range at 14.7 psia with air of at least 12 %, regardless of the lower limit.	> 200 cubic feet at NTP	1000 cubic feet	1000 cubic feet	N/A	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
FLAMMABLE GAS	Liquefied Def: A liquefied compressed gas which, under a charged pressure,	is partially liquid at a temperature of 68°F and which is flammable.	> 200 cubic feet at NTP	30 pounds	30 pounds	N/A	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
FLAMMABLE SOLID	Def: A solid, other than a blasting agent or explosive, that is capable of causing fire through friction, absorption or moisture, spontaneous chemical change, or retained heat from manufacturing or	processing, or which has an ignition temperature below 212°F or which burns so vigorously and persistently when ignited as to create a serious hazard.	> 100 pounds	125 pounds	125 pounds	25 pounds	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
ORGANIC PEROXIDE	UNCLASSIFIED DETONABLE	Def: Are capable of detonation. These peroxides pose an extremely high explosion hazard through rapid explosive decomposition.	Any amount.	1 pound (liquid or solid)	0.25 pounds (liquid or solid)	0.25 pounds (liquid or solid)	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □

PHYSICAL HAZARDS

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MATERIAL	CLASS	DESCRIPTION	PERMIT AMOUNTS	EXEMPT AMOUNTS STORAGE	EXEMPT AMOUNTS USE CLOSED – vapors are not liberated	EXEMPT AMOUNTS USE OPEN – vapors are liberated	HAVE AMOUNTS THAT REQUIRE A PERMIT?	HAVE ABOVE EXEMPT AMOUNTS?
ORGANIC PEROXIDE	I	Def: Those formulations that are capable of deflagration but not detonation.	Any amount.	5 pounds (liquid or solid)	1 pound (liquid or solid)	1 pound (liquid or solid)	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
ORGANIC PEROXIDE	П	Def: Those formulations that burn very rapidly and that pose a moderate reactivity	Any amount.	50 pounds (liquid or solid)	50 pounds (liquid or solid)	10 pounds (liquid or solid)	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
ORGANIC PEROXIDE	Ш	hazard. Def: Those formulations that burn rapidly and that pose a moderate reactivity hazard.	> 1 gallon liquid or 10 pounds solid	125 pounds (liquid or solid)	125 pounds (liquid or solid)	25 pounds (liquid or solid)	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
ORGANIC PEROXIDE	IV	Def: Burn in same manner as ordinary combustibles with minimum reactivity hazard.	> 2 gallons liquid or 20 pounds solid	Not Limited	Not Limited	Not Limited	NO □ YES □	Not Limited
OXIDIZER	4 Def: An oxidizer that can undergo an explosive reaction due to contamination or exposure to thermal or physical shock.	In addition, the oxidizer will enhance the burning rate and cause spontaneous ignition of combustibles.	Any amount.	1 pound (liquid or solid)	0.25 pounds (liquid or solid)	0.25 pounds (liquid or solid)	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
OXIDIZER	3 Def: An oxidizer that will cause a severe increase in the burning rate of combustible materials with which it comes in	contact or that will undergo vigorous self-sustained decomposition due to contamination or exposure to heat.	> 1 gallon liquid or 10 pounds solid	10 pounds (liquid or solid)	2 pounds (liquid or solid)	2 pounds (liquid or solid)	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
OXIDIZER	2 Def: An oxidizer that will cause a moderate increase in the burning	rate or that causes spontaneous ignition of combustible materials with which it comes in contact.	> 10 gallons liquid or 100 pounds solid	250 pounds (liquid or solid)	250 pounds (liquid or solid)	50 pounds (liquid or solid)	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
OXIDIZER	1 Def: An oxidizer whose primary hazard is that it slightly increases the burning rate but which	does not cause spontaneous ignition when it comes in contact with combustible material.	> 55 gallons liquid or 500 pounds of solid	4,000 pounds (liquid or solid)	4,000 pounds (liquid or solid)	1,000 pounds (liquid or solid)	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
OXIDIZING GAS	GASEOUS LIQUIFIED	Def: A gas that can support and accelerate combustion of other materials.	> 504 cubic feet at NTP	15 gallons liquid or 1,500 cubic feet gas	15 gallons liquid or 1,500 cubic feet gas	N/A	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
PYROPHORIC	N/A	Def: A chemical with an autoignition temperature in air, at or below a temperature of 130°F.	Any amount.	4 pounds (liquid or solid) and 50 cubic feet gas	1 pound (liquid or solid) and 10 cubic feet gas	0	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □

PHYSICAL HAZARDS

MATERIAL	CLASS	DESCRIPTION	PERMIT AMOUNTS	EXEMPT AMOUNTS STORAGE	EXEMPT AMOUNTS USE CLOSED – vapors are not liberated	EXEMPT AMOUNTS USE OPEN – vapors are liberated	HAVE AMOUNTS THAT REQUIRE A PERMIT?	HAVE ABOVE EXEMPT AMOUNTS?
UNSTABLE (REACTIVE)	4 — This class includes materials that are sensitive to mechanical or localized thermal shock at normal temperature and pressures.	Def: A material, other than an explosive, which in the pure state or as commercially produced, will vigorously polymerize, decompose, condense or become self-reactive and undergo other violent chemical changes, including explosion, when	Any amount.	1 pound (liquid or solid) and 10 cubic feet gas	0.25 pounds (liquid or solid) and 2 cubic feet gas	0.25 pounds (liquid or solid)	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
UNSTABLE (REACTIVE)	3 — This class includes materials that are sensitive to thermal or mechanical shock at elevated temperatures and pressures.	Exposed to heat, friction or shock, or in the absence of an inhibitor, or in the presence of contaminants, or in contact with incompatible materials.	Any amount.	5 pounds (liquid or solid) and 50 cubic feet gas	1 pound (liquid or solid) and 10 cubic feet gas	1 pound (liquid or solid)	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
UNSTABLE (REACTIVE)	2- This class includes materials that can undergo chemical change with rapid release of energy at normal temperatures and pressures, and that can undergo violent chemical change at elevated temperatures and pressures.		> 5 gallons liquid or 50 pounds solid and Any amount gas	50 pounds (liquid or solid) and 250 cubic feet gas	50 pounds (liquid or solid) and 250 cubic feet gas	10 pounds (liquid or solid)	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
UNSTABLE (REACTIVE)	1 — Materials that in themselves are normally stable but which become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressure.		> 10 gallons liquid or 100 pounds solid	Not Limited	Not Limited	Not Limited	NO □ YES □	Not Limited
WATER REACTIVE	3 — Materials that react explosively with water without requiring heat or confinement.	Def: A material that explodes; violently reacts; produces flammable, toxic or other hazardous gases; or evolves enough heat	Any amount.	5 pounds (liquid or solid)	5 pounds (liquid or solid)	1 pound (liquid or solid)	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
WATER REACTIVE	2 — Materials that may form potentially explosive mixtures with water.	to cause self-ignition or ignition of nearby combustibles upon exposure to water or moisture.	> 5 gallons liquid or 50 pounds solid	50 pounds (liquid or solid)	50 pounds (liquid or solid)	10 pounds (liquid or solid)	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
WATER REACTIVE	1 – Materials that may react with water with some release of energy, but not violently.		> 55 gallons liquid or 500 pounds solid	Not Limited	Not Limited	Not Limited	NO □ YES □	Not Limited

HEALTH HAZARDS

MATERIAL	CLASS	DESCRIPTION	PERMIT AMOUNTS	EXEMPT AMOUNTS STORAGE	EXEMPT AMOUNTS USE CLOSED – vapors are not liberated	EXEMPT AMOUNTS USE OPEN – vapors are liberated	HAVE AMOUNTS THAT REQUIRE A PERMIT?	HAVE ABOVE EXEMPT AMOUNTS?
CORROSIVE	N/A	Def: A chemical that causes visible destruction of, or irreversible alterations in, living tissue by chemical action at the point of contact.	> 55 gallons liquid or 1000 pounds solid 200 cubic feet gas at NTP	5,000 pounds solid, 500 gallons liquid, and 810 cubic feet gas	5,000 pounds solid, 500 gallons liquid, and 810 cubic feet gas	1,000 pounds solid or 100 gallons liquid	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
HIGHLY TOXIC	N/A	Def: A material which produces a lethal dose or lethal concentration. Lethal dose or concentrations established in accordance with CFR 29.	Any amount.	10 pounds (liquid or solid) or 20 cubic feet gas	10 pounds (liquid or solid) 20 cubic feet gas	3 pounds (liquid or solid)	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □
TOXIC	N/A	Def: A material which produces lethal dose or a lethal concentration. Lethal dose or concentrations established in accordance with CFR 29.	> 10 gallons liquid or 100 pounds solid and any amount gas	500 pounds (liquid or solid) or 810 cubic feet gas	500 pounds (liquid or solid) or 810 cubic feet gas	125 pounds (liquid or solid)	NO □ YES □	NO □ YES □

MATERIALS OR OPERATIONS REQUIRING SPECIAL HANDLING

MATERIALS OR OF ERATIONS REQUIRING SPECIAL HANDLING									
MATERIAL	CLASS	DESCRIPTION	PERMIT	REQUIRES SPECIALTY	HAVE AMOUNTS	HAVE AMOUNTS			
			AMOUNTS	INSPECTION	THAT REQUIRE A	THAT REQUIRE			
					PERMIT?	SPECIALTY			
						INSPECTION?			
AEROSOL	LEVEL 2 OR	than or equal to 13,000	> 500 lbs. Net	Amounts exceeding:					
PRODUCTS	LEVEL 3	Btu/lb.	Weight	2,500 lbs. – Level 2					
	Def: Level 2 - aerosol products are those with	Level 3 - those with a total chemical heat of combustion		1,000 lbs. – Level 3 2,500 lbs. Of Level 2 and 3	NO □	NO □			
	a total chemical heat of combustion that is	that is greater than 13,000 Btu/lb.		2,300 los. Of Level 2 and 3	YES □	YES □			
	greater than 8,600								
	Btu/lb., but less								
COMBUSTIBLE	LOOSE	excelsior, hat, hemp, henequen, istle, jute, kapok	> than 100 cubic	> 100 cubic feet loose and					
FIBERS	BALED	Oakum, rags, sisal, Spanish	feet	> than 1,000 cubic feet baled	NO E	NO 🗆			
	Def: Combustible fibers	moss, straw, tow, wastepaper			NO □	NO □			
	include readily ignitable and free burning fibers	or other like materials.			YES □	YES □			
	such as cocoa fiber, cloth, cotton,								
MAGNESIUM	OPERATION	Def: The pure metal and alloys, of which the major	Operation with >	> 125 pounds storage	NO □	NO □			
	To melt, cast, heat-treat	part is magnesium.	10 pounds	> 25 pounds in open use		_			
	or grind more than 10 pounds.	part is magnesiam.		(dust or powder produced)	YES 🗆	YES 🗆			

MATERIALS OR OPERATIONS REQUIRING SPECIAL HANDLING

MATERIAL	CLASS	DESCRIPTION	PERMIT	REQUIRES SPECIALTY	HAVE AMOUNTS	HAVE AMOUNTS
			AMOUNTS	INSPECTION	THAT REQUIRE A	THAT REQUIRE
					PERMIT?	SPECIALTY
ORGANIC	PRODUCTION	Def: A liquid mixture of	Production > 1	All Organic Coating		INSPECTION?
COATINGS	More than one gallon of an	binders such as alkyd,	gallon in a day	Manufacture		
	organic coating in one day.	nitrocellulose, acrylic or oil, and flammable and			NO □	NO □
		combustible solvents such as hydrocarbon, ester, ketone or			_	_
		alcohol, which, when spread in a thin film, convert to a			YES □	YES □
		durable protective and				
PYROXYLIN	OPERATION	decorative finish. Def: Plastic substances,	Storage or handling	> 125 pounds storage or > 25		
PLASTICS	Storage or handling of	materials or compounds with	> 25 pounds and	pounds with operations that		
	more than 25 pounds of cellulose nitrate	cellulose nitrate as a base, by whatever name known, in the	any assembly or	produce dusts, powders,	NO □	NO □
	(pyroxylin) plastics and any assembly or	form of blocks, sheets, tubes or fabricated shapes.	manufacture.	shavings, chips, turnings, etc.	YES 🗆	YES □
	manufacture of articles involving pyroxylin plastics.	or ruoreact shapes			TES [
				ffiliation		
Responsible Party	(Print name legit		1 ttle or A	mination	(Please print legibly)	
	(Film hame legit	лу)			(Flease print legiony)	
Responsible Party	Signature			Date		
		DEPA	RTMENTAL USE	EONLY		
PROJECT NUM	BER					
ROUTING INFO	ORMATION: HAZN	MAT INSPECTIONS	YES □ NO			