

Emergency Response – Local Events

2022 1st Quarter Performance

- 193 cardiac arrest saves
- 585 critical medical care
- 59 rescues
- 14 fire rescues
- 300 GSW patients
- 84% property save rate
- \$32.1 million in property



NIOSH 5

The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has identified the top 5 casual factors of firefighter deaths and injuries on the fireground as:

- Improper Risk Assessment
- Lack of Incident Command
- Lack of Accountability
- Inadequate Communications
- Lack of SOPs or failure to follow established SOPs

FEMA Type I – III Incidents

- Resources and Training
- DOC and IMT
- MGT 314
- Command & Control
- Wide-Area Search
- Technology



Program Benefits

- NIMS compliant
- Following industry standards and best practices
- Interoperability
- Regional asset framework
- Common operating picture across agencies
- Live data
- Enhanced response
- Efficient use of resources
- Funding and reimbursement
- Better prepared and more resilient community